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## Structure Reports

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## (S)-2-(1H-Imidazol-1-yl)succinic acid

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=293 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.005 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.050 ; w R$ factor $=0.151$; data-to-parameter ratio $=9.4$.

The title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{7} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}$, is a zwitterion, [formal name $=(S)$-3-carboxy-2-(imidazol-3-ium-1-yl)propanoate], in which the deprotonated negatively charged carboxylate end shows almost identical $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{O}$ bond distances $[1.248$ (4) and 1.251 (4) $\AA$ ] due to resonance. The molecules are involved in intermolecular $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ and $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonds, which define a tightly bound three-dimensional structure.

## Related literature

For the use of imidazol-1-ylalkanoic acids as probes to determine the intracellular and extracellular pH and cell volume by ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR, see: López et al.(1996). For the preparation of the title compound, see: Bao et al. (2003).


## Experimental

Crystal data
$\mathrm{C}_{7} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}$

$$
M_{r}=184.15
$$

Orthorhombic, $P_{2} 2_{1} 2_{1} 2_{1}$
$a=7.3212$ (16) $\AA$
$Z=4$
$b=7.9193$ (16) $\AA$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation
$c=14.254$ (3) $\AA$
$\mu=0.12 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$V=826.4(3) \AA^{3}$
$0.25 \times 0.20 \times 0.18 \mathrm{~mm}$
Data collection
Rigaku Mercury2 diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrystalClear; Rigaku, 2005)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.97, T_{\text {max }}=0.98$

## Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.050 \quad 118$ parameters
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.151$
$S=1.12$
H -atom parameters constrained
$\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.19 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.23 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\AA^{\circ},{ }^{\circ}$ ).

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~N} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \cdots \mathrm{O} 2^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 0.86 | 1.91 | $2.716(4)$ | 155 |
| $\mathrm{O}^{\mathrm{H}}-\mathrm{H} 3 C \cdots 1^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | 0.86 | 1.71 | $2.572(3)$ | 177 |

Symmetry codes: (i) $x-1, y, z$; (ii) $x, y+1, z$.
Data collection: CrystalClear (Rigaku, 2005); cell refinement: CrystalClear; data reduction: CrystalClear; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BG2234).

## References

Bao, W., Wang, Z. \& Li, Y. (2003). J. Org. Chem. 68, 591-593.
López, P., Zaderenko, P., Balcazar, J. L., Fonseca, I., Cano, F. H. \& Ballesteros, P. (1996). J. Mol. Struct. 377, 105-112.

Rigaku (2005). CrystalClear. Rigaku Corporation, Tokyo, Japan. Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112-122.

## supplementary materials

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## (S)-2-(1H-Imidazol-1-yl)succinic acid

## J.-M. Xiao

## Comment

Imidazol-1-ylalkanoic acids are used as new probes to determine the intracellular and extracellular pH and cell volume by ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR. (López et al., 1996). In this report we present the structure of (S)-2-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)succinic acid. As shown in Fig. 1, the title compound $\mathrm{C}_{7} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}$ exists in the form of an inner salt where the unprotonated, negatively charged carboxylato end shows almost identical C-O bond distances (1.248 (4) and 1.251 (4) $\AA$ respectively) due to resonance.. The molecules are involved in intermolecular $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ and $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonds (Table 1) which define a tightly bound 3D structure.

## Experimental

The ligand was prepared according to a literature method (Bao et al., 2003). A formaldehyde water solution (36\%, 1.67 $\mathrm{g})$ and a glyoxal water solution $(32 \%, 3.62 \mathrm{~g})$ were mixed in a 50 ml , three-necked flask provided with a stirrer and a reflux condenser. While the mixture was heated at $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ with stirring, a mixture of $L-2$-aminosuccinic acid ( $2.66 \mathrm{~g}, 0.02$ $\mathrm{mol})$, ammonia solution $(28 \%, 1.21 \mathrm{~g})$ and sodium hydroxide solution $(10 \%, 8 \mathrm{~g})$ was added in small portions during 0.5 h. After the mixture was stirred for an additional 8 h at $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the cooled mixture was acidified to $\mathrm{pH}=3$ with concentrated hydrochloric acid. After stirring for 30 min , the suspension was filtered. The resulting solid was washed with $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ and dried in vacuum over P2O5 at room temperature. Colourless crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained from a solution of 100 mg in $15 \mathrm{ml} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ by slow evaporation after one month.

## Refinement

Positional parameters of all the H atoms except for H 3 C were calculated geometrically and the H atoms were set to ride on the C and N atoms to which they are bonded, with $\operatorname{Uiso}(\mathrm{H})=1.2 \mathrm{Ueq}(\mathrm{C}$ or N$)$. The carboxyl H 3 C was initially refined and subsequently allowed to ride with $\operatorname{Uiso}(\mathrm{H})=1.5 \mathrm{Ueq}(\mathrm{O})$. Due to the abscence of anomalous diffraction effects, Friedel pairs were merged.

## Figures



Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound, showing the atomic numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the $30 \%$ probability level.

## supplementary materials

## (S)-3-carboxy-2-(imidazol-3-ium-1-yl)propanoate

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{7} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}$
$M_{r}=184.15$

Orthorhombic, $P 2_{1} 2_{1} 2_{1}$
Hall symbol: p 2ac 2ab
$a=7.3212(16) \AA$
$b=7.9193(16) \AA$
$c=14.254$ (3) $\AA$
$V=826.4$ (3) $\AA^{3}$
$Z=4$

## Data collection

Rigaku Mercury2
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite
CCD_Profile_fitting scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(CrystalClear; Rigaku, 2005)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.97, T_{\text {max }}=0.98$
8489 measured reflections

## Refinement

## Refinement on $F^{2}$

Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.050$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.151$
$S=1.12$
1110 reflections
118 parameters
0 restraints
$F(000)=384$
$D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.480 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation, $\lambda=0.71073 \AA$
Cell parameters from 2123 reflections
$\theta=2.8-27.4^{\circ}$
$\mu=0.12 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=293 \mathrm{~K}$
Prism, colorless
$0.25 \times 0.20 \times 0.18 \mathrm{~mm}$

Refinement. Refinement of $F^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted $R$-factor $w R$ and goodness of fit $S$ are based on $F^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>\sigma\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating $R$ factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. $R$-factors based on $F^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on $F$, and $R$ - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $\left(A^{2}\right)$

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iso }}{ }^{*} / U_{\text {eq }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C1 | $0.9679(4)$ | $0.2336(4)$ | $0.6099(2)$ | $0.0299(7)$ |
| C2 | $0.9073(4)$ | $0.4110(4)$ | $0.6415(2)$ | $0.0309(7)$ |
| H2A | 0.9846 | 0.4450 | 0.6943 | $0.037^{*}$ |
| C3 | $0.9360(5)$ | $0.5376(4)$ | $0.5624(2)$ | $0.0367(7)$ |
| H3A | 1.0554 | 0.5197 | 0.5346 | $0.044^{*}$ |
| H3B | 0.8447 | 0.5193 | 0.5142 | $0.044^{*}$ |
| C4 | $0.9226(5)$ | $0.7177(4)$ | $0.5977(2)$ | $0.0378(7)$ |
| C5 | $0.6549(5)$ | $0.4474(5)$ | $0.7626(3)$ | $0.0493(10)$ |
| H5 | 0.7259 | 0.4826 | 0.8130 | $0.059^{*}$ |
| C6 | $0.4741(6)$ | $0.4230(7)$ | $0.7635(3)$ | $0.0640(13)$ |
| H6 | 0.3962 | 0.4380 | 0.8144 | $0.077^{*}$ |
| C7 | $0.5708(5)$ | $0.3653(5)$ | $0.6236(3)$ | $0.0422(8)$ |
| H7 | 0.5719 | 0.3333 | 0.5608 | $0.051^{*}$ |
| N1 | $0.7172(3)$ | $0.4110(3)$ | $0.67364(18)$ | $0.0314(6)$ |
| N2 | $0.4268(4)$ | $0.3725(4)$ | $0.6766(2)$ | $0.0507(8)$ |
| H2 | 0.3175 | 0.3487 | 0.6589 | $0.061^{*}$ |
| O1 | $0.8474(4)$ | $0.1251(3)$ | $0.5944(2)$ | $0.0507(7)$ |
| O2 | $1.1355(3)$ | $0.2163(3)$ | $0.59668(16)$ | $0.0409(6)$ |
| O3 | $0.9107(5)$ | $0.8279(3)$ | $0.52925(19)$ | $0.0584(9)$ |
| H3C | 0.8908 | 0.9290 | 0.5489 | $0.070^{*}$ |
| O4 | $0.9181(5)$ | $0.7543(4)$ | $0.67883(19)$ | $0.0638(9)$ |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(A^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C1 | $0.0279(14)$ | $0.0283(15)$ | $0.0334(15)$ | $0.0011(12)$ | $-0.0001(12)$ | $0.0036(13)$ |
| C2 | $0.0315(15)$ | $0.0274(15)$ | $0.0338(15)$ | $-0.0038(13)$ | $0.0014(13)$ | $-0.0015(12)$ |
| C3 | $0.0455(18)$ | $0.0265(15)$ | $0.0382(16)$ | $0.0006(15)$ | $0.0092(16)$ | $0.0019(12)$ |
| C4 | $0.0396(17)$ | $0.0287(15)$ | $0.0452(18)$ | $0.0001(15)$ | $0.0057(15)$ | $0.0020(14)$ |
| C5 | $0.0390(19)$ | $0.064(3)$ | $0.045(2)$ | $-0.0105(19)$ | $0.0083(16)$ | $-0.0169(19)$ |
| C6 | $0.055(2)$ | $0.077(3)$ | $0.061(2)$ | $-0.014(2)$ | $0.024(2)$ | $-0.022(3)$ |
| C7 | $0.0345(16)$ | $0.0433(19)$ | $0.0486(18)$ | $0.0050(17)$ | $-0.0069(16)$ | $-0.0066(15)$ |
| N1 | $0.0293(13)$ | $0.0301(13)$ | $0.0349(14)$ | $-0.0001(11)$ | $-0.0025(11)$ | $-0.0032(11)$ |
| N2 | $0.0310(14)$ | $0.0487(18)$ | $0.072(2)$ | $-0.0010(15)$ | $-0.0041(16)$ | $-0.0126(16)$ |
| O1 | $0.0411(13)$ | $0.0241(12)$ | $0.087(2)$ | $-0.0010(10)$ | $0.0034(14)$ | $-0.0071(13)$ |
| O2 | $0.0350(12)$ | $0.0383(13)$ | $0.0494(14)$ | $0.0044(10)$ | $0.0047(11)$ | $-0.0035(11)$ |
| O3 | $0.090(2)$ | $0.0294(13)$ | $0.0560(15)$ | $0.0060(15)$ | $0.0122(16)$ | $0.0052(11)$ |
| O4 | $0.106(3)$ | $0.0381(14)$ | $0.0472(15)$ | $0.0013(17)$ | $-0.0113(17)$ | $-0.0097(12)$ |

Geometric parameters $\left({ }_{A},{ }^{\circ}\right)$

| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{O} 2$ | $1.249(4)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{O} 1$ | $1.251(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $1.541(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{N} 1$ | $1.465(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $1.522(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 0.9800 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4$ | $1.516(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~A}$ | 0.9700 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~B}$ | 0.9700 |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{O} 4$ | $1.193(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{O} 3$ | $1.312(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{O} 1$ | $126.3(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $115.3(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $118.3(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $111.3(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1$ | $111.4(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1$ | $110.1(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 108.0 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 108.0 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 108.0 |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $111.4(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~A}$ | 109.3 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~A}$ | 109.3 |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~B}$ | 109.3 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~B}$ | 109.3 |
| $\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~B}$ | 108.0 |
| $\mathrm{O} 4-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{O} 3$ | $123.8(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{O} 4-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $123.6(3)$ |


| $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 6$ | $1.338(6)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| C5-N1 | $1.378(4)$ |
| C5-H5 | 0.9300 |
| C6-N2 | $1.347(6)$ |
| C6-H6 | 0.9300 |
| C7-N2 | $1.299(5)$ |
| C7-N1 | $1.338(4)$ |
| C7-H7 | 0.9300 |
| N2-H2 | 0.8600 |
| O3-H3C | 0.8601 |
|  |  |
| O3-C4-C3 | $112.6(3)$ |
| C6-C5-N1 | $107.9(4)$ |
| C6-C5-H5 | 126.1 |
| N1-C5-H5 | 126.1 |
| C5-C6-N2 | $106.7(3)$ |
| C5-C6-H6 | 126.6 |
| N2-C6-H6 | 126.6 |
| N2-C7-N1 | $109.1(3)$ |
| N2-C7-H7 | 125.4 |
| N1-C7-H7 | 125.4 |
| C7-N1-C5 | $106.4(3)$ |
| C7-N1-C2 | $126.5(3)$ |
| C5-N1-C2 | $127.1(3)$ |
| C7-N2-C6 | $109.9(3)$ |
| C7-N2-H2 | 125.1 |
| C6-N2-H2 | 125.1 |
| C4-O3-H3C | 112.9 |

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\AA$, ${ }^{\circ}$ )

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~N} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \cdots \mathrm{O} 2^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 0.86 | 1.91 | $2.716(4)$ | 155 |
| $\mathrm{O} 3 — \mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{C} \cdots \mathrm{O}^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | 0.86 | 1.71 | $2.572(3)$ | 177 |

Symmetry codes: (i) $x-1, y, z$; (ii) $x, y+1, z$.

Fig. 1


